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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/797,907	03/09/2004	Duran Yetkinler	SKEL-012CIP 3390		
24353 7.	590 08/21/2006		EXAMINER		
	, FIELD & FRANCIS LL SITY AVENUE	RAMANA, ANURADHA			
SUITE 200			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
EAST PALO ALTO, CA 94303			3733		
		DATE MAILED: 08/21/2006			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.		Applicant(s)	<u>-></u>			
Office Action Summary		10/797,907		YETKINLER ET AL.	•			
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		Anu Ramana		3733				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover	sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SH WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. or period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS CO 36(a). In no event, howe vill apply and will expire S , cause the application to	MMUNICATION ver, may a reply be tim SIX (6) MONTHS from to become ABANDONED	 lely filed the mailing date of this commun D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 Ju	<u>ıne 2006</u> .						
7—	This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.							
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1	935 C.D. 11, 45	13 O.G. 213.				
Disposit	ion of Claims							
4) 🖂	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>33-45 and 47-54</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
•	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
•	Claim(s) 33-45 and 47-54 is/are rejected.			·				
•	Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requires	ment					
الـا(ه	claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r cicculon requires	nont.					
Applicat	ion Papers							
	The specification is objected to by the Examine		_					
10)⊠	The drawing(s) filed on 14 June 2004 is/are: a							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the				404/4\			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
11)	The oath of declaration is objected to by the	Carriller. Note the	attached Office	Action of format 10-10	02 .			
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	priority under 35	U.S.C. § 119(a))-(d) or (f).				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority document							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio application from the International Bureau			o in this National Stay	je			
* (See the attached detailed Office action for a list	•		ed.				
·	See the attached detailed Chief design for a her							
Attachmer		_						
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
3) 🛛 Infor	rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date <u>6/5/06</u> .	5) 🔲		Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

Claim 40 is objected to because of the following informalities. In line 2, insert - - cement - - before "is vibrated" to correct a minor typographical error. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 48 and 49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Tepic (US 4,463,875).

Tepic discloses a system or "kit" with a cement composition introduction element (28, 84), a vibratory element with a holder 78 and an implantable hardware device C (Figs. 1, 5 and 7, col. 6, lines 4-68, col. 7, lines 1-63 and col. 10, lines 49-68).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 33-42, 44-45, 47-50 and 52-54 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Li et al. (US 6,610,079) in view of Tepic (US 4,463,875) and Ison et al. (US 5,496,399).

Li et al. disclose a system or "kit" including a cement introduction element and a fixation or "implantable hardware" device such as a screw and a method for implanting a

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fixation device, such as screw, by delivering cement to the screw wherein the screw is used to attach a plate to a fractured bone (Fig. 9 and col. 11, lines 4-49).

Li et al. disclose all elements of the claimed invention except for: (1) a calcium phosphate cement; and (2) vibration of the cement as it is being delivered to the target bone site.

Tepic teaches a vibratory element attached via a holder 78 to a handle 28 of a cement delivery device wherein vibrations are imparted at 60 Hz to cause cement to penetrate relatively deeply into the cavity in which the cement is being placed (Fig. 5, col. 1, lines 5-10, col. 2, lines 48-62, col. 4, lines 53-64, col. 7, lines 61-63 and col. 10, lines 49-68).

Accordingly it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have attached a vibratory element as taught by Tepic to the Li et al. cement delivery device to enhance cement penetration.

The use of calcium phosphate cements due to their superior biocompatibility compared to polymeric cements is very well known in the art, as demonstrated by Ison et al. (col. 1, lines 17-67 and col. 2, lines 1-2). Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have used a calcium phosphate cement in the method of the combination of Li et al. and Tepic, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use, herein biocompatibility, as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416.

Regarding claim 39, the combination of Li et al., Tepic and Ison et al. discloses all elements of the claimed invention except for the claimed range of vibration frequencies. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have utilized vibration frequencies in a range of 0.1 to 100,000 Hz, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233.

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Claims 33-45 and 47-54 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Karpman et al. (US 6,214,012) in view of Tepic (US 4,463,875) and Ison et al. (US 5,496,399).

Karpman et al. disclose the method steps of: positioning a hardware device such as a cannulated screw 30 in conjunction with any number of conventional fixation devices such as wires, plates, rods at a target bone site including cancellous bone; and delivering cement to the target bone site by a cement gun for internal fixation following fracture reduction (Figs. 3 and 4, col. 5, lines 5-67, col. 7, lines 5-29 and col. 9, lines 24-54).

Karpman et al. disclose all elements of the claimed invention except for: (1) a calcium phosphate cement; and (2) vibration of the cement as it is being delivered to the target bone site.

Tepic teaches a vibratory element attached via a holder 78 to a handle 28 of a cement delivery device wherein vibrations are imparted at 60 Hz to cause cement to penetrate relatively deeply into the cavity in which the cement is being placed (Fig. 5, col. 1, lines 5-10, col. 2, lines 48-62, col. 4, lines 53-64, col. 7, lines 61-63 and col. 10, lines 49-68).

Accordingly it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have attached a vibratory element as taught by Tepic to the Karpman et al. cement delivery device to enhance cement penetration.

The use of calcium phosphate cements due to their superior biocompatibility compared to polymeric cements is very well known in the art, as demonstrated by Ison et al. (col. 1, lines 17-67 and col. 2, lines 1-2). Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have used a calcium phosphate cement in the method of the combination of Karpman et al. and Tepic, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use, herein biocompatibility, as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416.

Regarding claim 39, the combination of Karpman et al., Tepic and Ison et al. discloses all elements of the claimed invention except for the claimed range of vibration

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frequencies. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have utilized vibration frequencies in a range of 0.1 to 100,000 Hz, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments submitted under "REMARKS" in the response filed on June 1, 2006 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Anu Ramana whose telephone number is (571) 272-4718. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday between 8:00 am to 5:00 pm.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eduardo Robert can be reached at (571) 272-4719. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

AR Annadha lamana August 17, 2006

EDUARDO C. ROBERT
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER